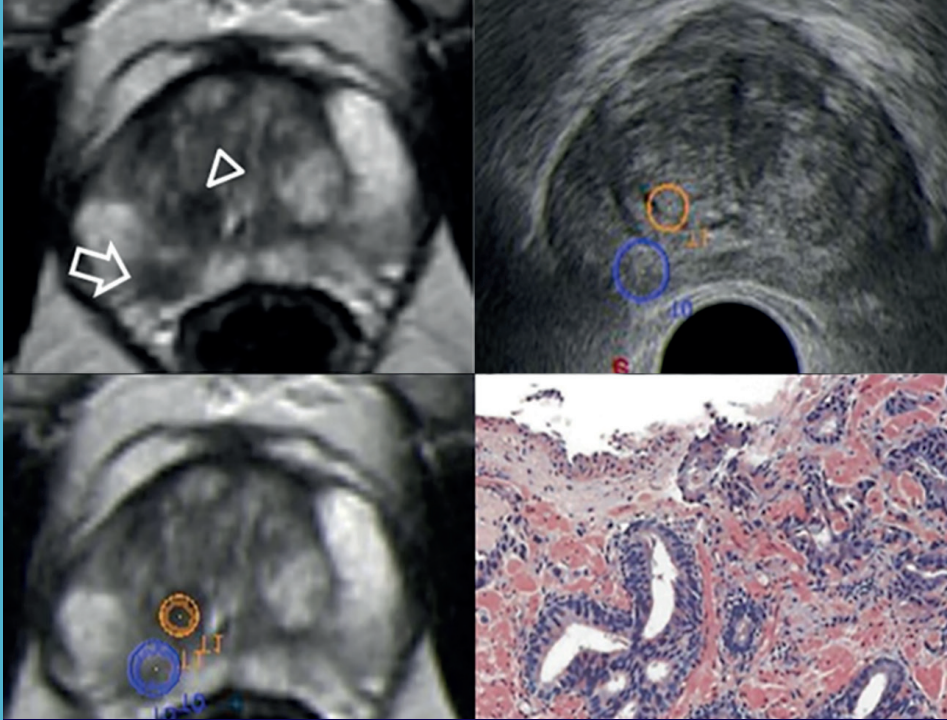


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Eugenio Martorana, et al., Prostate MRI and transperineal TRUS/MRI fusion biopsy for prostate cancer detection: clinical practice updates. Page: 237

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Editor in Chief: Murat Bozlu

Address: Mersin Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi, Üroloji Anabilim Dalı, Mersin, Turkey

Phone: +90 324 241 00 00 (Extension: 1390)

Fax: +90 324 241 00 98

E-mail: muratbozlu@yahoo.com

Publisher: AVES

Address: Büyükdere Cad., 105/9 34394 Mecidiyeköy, Şişli, İstanbul, Turkey

Phone: +90 212 217 17 00

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Address: Mersin Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi, Üroloji Anabilim Dalı, Mersin, Turkey

Phone: +90 324 241 00 00 (Extension: 1390)

Fax: +90 324 241 00 98

E-mail: muratbozlu@yahoo.com

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Address: Büyükdere Cad., 105/9 34394 Mecidiyeköy, Şişli, İstanbul, Turkey

Phone: +90 212 217 17 00

Fax: +90 212 217 22 92

E-mail: info@avesyayincilik.com

Web page: avesyayincilik.com



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EDITORIAL

Dear colleagues,

As the editorial board, with your scientific support and motivation, we have prepared the fourth issue of this year, which includes studies on uro-oncology, andrology, pediatric urology, reconstructive urology, and general urology. In our July 2019 issue, we continue to maintain our diversity of publications with articles that contain the elaborate reviews, original research articles, and case presentations that you carefully prepared and submitted to our journal.

As you know, prostate cancer is one of the most common cancers in men. Today, prostate needle biopsy is the gold standard for the diagnosis of prostate cancer. Different techniques are used for this process. Although initially, it was only guided by finger examination, great advances have been made in prostate biopsy techniques with advances in imaging techniques. In this issue, Eugenio Martorana et al. reported on the latest developments regarding this topic in a review entitled "Prostate MRI and transperineal TRUS/MRI fusion biopsy for prostate cancer detection: clinical practice updates."

Among urologic cancers, prostate cancer is one of the most common cancers causing bone metastases. Pathologic fractures and skeletal-related morbidities are important in bone metastases observed in advanced-stage prostate cancer. In our July 2019 issue, the review by Ashish Sharma and colleagues titled "Implications of the Fracture Risk Assessment Algorithm: A comprehensive review" compiles current studies on this subject which are not frequently focused on and emphasizes the current algorithms needed to prevent skeletal-related events and morbidity.

Nowadays, radical prostatectomy is performed by many different methods, and the results of these methods are compared with those of different studies. In this issue, in the article "Robotic-assisted perineal versus transperitoneal radical prostatectomy: A matched-pair analysis," Volkan Tugcu et al. compared the results of robotic-assisted perineal radical prostatectomy with those of robot-assisted transperitoneal laparoscopic radical prostatectomy. We believe that this study will be a strong reference for similar studies in the future.

One of the main goals of scientists is to share their work, which is the product of their intensive labor and precious time. One of the most important ways of achieving this goal is journals which comply with scientific and universal ethical rules. I would like to remind you that this year, the 28th National Congress of Urology will be held from October 10, 2019 to October 13, 2019, in Antalya/Turkey. Abstracts of 50 best papers submitted to the Congress will be published in the special issue of our journal. We are waiting for your precious studies with high scientific quality prepared for the same.

Best Regards,

Prof. Dr. Murat Bozlu
Editor in Chief