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Aims and Scope

Turkish Journal of Urology (Turk J Urol) is the scientific, peer reviewed, open access publication of the Turkish Association of Urology. The journal is a bimonthly publication, published on January, March, May, July, September and November and its publication language is English.

The aim of the Turkish Journal of Urology is to contribute to the literature by publishing scientifically high-quality research articles as well as reviews, editorials, letters to the editor and case reports.

The journal's target audience includes, urology specialists, medical specialty fellows and other specialists and practitioners who are interested in the field of urology.

The editorial and publication processes of the journal are shaped in accordance with the guidelines of the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE), World Association of Medical Editors (WAME), Council of Science Editors (CSE), Committee on Publication Ethics (COPE), European Association of Science Editors (EASE), and National Information Standards Organization (NISO). The journal is in conformity with the Principles of Transparency and Best Practice in Scholarly Publishing (doaj.org/bestpractice).

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Processing and publication are free of charge with the journal. No fees are requested from the authors at any point throughout the evaluation and publication process. All manuscripts must be submitted via the online submission system, which is available at www.turkishjournalofurology.com. The journal guidelines, technical information, and the required forms are available on the journal's web page.

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Originality, high scientific quality, and citation potential are the most important criteria for a manuscript to be accepted for publication. Manuscripts submitted for evaluation should not have been previously presented or already published in an electronic or printed medium. The journal should be informed of manuscripts that have been submitted to another journal for evaluation and rejected for publication. The submission of previous reviewer reports will expedite the evaluation process. Manuscripts that have been presented in a meeting should be submitted with detailed information on the organization, including the name, date, and location of the organization.

Manuscripts submitted to the Turkish Journal of Urology will go through a double-blind peer-review process. Each submission will be reviewed by at least two external, independent peer reviewers who are experts in their fields in order to ensure an unbiased evaluation process. The editorial board will invite an external and independent editor to manage the evaluation processes of manuscripts submitted by editors or by the editorial board members of the journal. The Editor in Chief is the final authority in the decision-making process for all submissions.

An approval of research protocols by the Ethics Committee in accordance with international agreements (World Medical Association Declaration of Helsinki “Ethical Principles for Medical Research Involving Human Subjects,” amended in October 2013, www.wma.net) is required for experimental, clinical, and drug studies and for some case reports. If required, ethics committee reports or an equivalent official document will be requested from the authors. For manuscripts concerning experimental research on humans, a statement should be included that shows that written informed consent of patients and volunteers was obtained following a detailed explanation of the procedures that they may undergo. For studies carried out on animals, the measures taken to prevent pain and suffering of the animals should be stated clearly. Information on patient consent, the name of the ethics committee, and the ethics committee approval number should also be stated in the Material and methods section of the manuscript. It is the authors’ responsibility to carefully protect the patients’ anonymity. For photographs that may reveal the identity of the patients, releases signed by the patient or their legal representative should be enclosed.

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1. Substantial contributions to the conception or design of the work; or the acquisition, analysis, or interpretation of data for the work; AND
2. Drafting the work or revising it critically for important intellectual content; AND
3. Final approval of the version to be published; AND
4. Agreement to be accountable for all aspects of the work in ensuring that questions related to the accuracy or integrity
of any part of the work are appropriately investigated and resolved.

In addition to being accountable for the parts of the work he/she has done, an author should be able to identify which co-authors are responsible for specific other parts of the work. In addition, authors should have confidence in the integrity of the contributions of their co-authors.

All those designated as authors should meet all four criteria for authorship, and all who meet the four criteria should be identified as authors. Those who do not meet all four criteria should be acknowledged in the title page of the manuscript.

Turkish Journal of Urology requires corresponding authors to submit a signed and scanned version of the authorship contribution form (available for download through www.turkishjournalofurology.com) during the initial submission process in order to act appropriately on authorship rights and to prevent ghost or honorary authorship. If the editorial board suspects a case of “gift authorship,” the submission will be rejected without further review. As part of the submission of the manuscript, the corresponding author should also send a short statement declaring that he/she accepts to undertake all the responsibility for authorship during the submission and review stages of the manuscript.

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tions.pdf). Authors are required to prepare manuscripts in accordance with the CONSORT guidelines for randomized research studies, STROBE guidelines for observational original research studies, STARD guidelines for studies on diagnostic accuracy, PRISMA guidelines for systematic reviews and meta-analysis, ARRIVE guidelines for experimental animal studies, and TREND guidelines for non-randomized public behavior.

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Manuscripts submitted to the journal will first go through a technical evaluation process where the editorial office staff will ensure that the manuscript has been prepared and submitted in accordance with the journal’s guidelines. Submissions that do
not conform to the journal’s guidelines will be returned to the submitting author with technical correction requests.

**Authors are required to submit the following:**
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- Author Contributions Form, and
- ICMJE Potential Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form (should be filled in by all contributing authors)

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**Title page:** A separate title page should be submitted with all submissions and this page should include:

- The full title of the manuscript as well as a short title (running head) of no more than 50 characters,
- Name(s), affiliations, and highest academic degree(s) of the author(s),
- Grant information and detailed information on the other sources of support,
- Name, address, telephone (including the mobile phone number) and fax numbers, and email address of the corresponding author,
- Acknowledgment of the individuals who contributed to the preparation of the manuscript but who do not fulfill the authorship criteria.

**Abstract:** An abstract should be submitted with all submissions except for Letters to the Editor. Submitting a Turkish abstract is not compulsory for international authors. The abstract of Original Articles should be structured with subheadings (Objective, Material and methods, Results, and Conclusion). Please check Table 1 below for word count specifications.

**Keywords:** Each submission must be accompanied by a minimum of three to a maximum of six keywords for subject indexing at the end of the abstract. The keywords should be listed in full without abbreviations. The keywords should be selected from the National Library of Medicine, Medical Subject Headings database (https://www.nlm.nih.gov/mesh/MBrowser.html).

**Manuscript Types**

**Original Articles:** This is the most important type of article since it provides new information based on original research. The main text of original articles should be structured with Introduction, Material and methods, Results, and Discussion subheadings. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Original Articles.

Statistical analysis to support conclusions is usually necessary. Statistical analyses must be conducted in accordance with international statistical reporting standards (Altman DG, Gore SM, Gardner MJ, Pocock SJ. Statistical guidelines for contributors to medical journals. Br Med J 1983; 7; 1489-93). Information on statistical analyses should be provided with a separate subheading under the Materials and Methods section and the statistical software that was used during the process must be specified.

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**Editorial Comments:** Editorial comments aim to provide a brief critical commentary by reviewers with expertise or with high reputation in the topic of the research article published in the journal. Authors are selected and invited by the journal to provide such comments. Abstract, Keywords, and Tables, Figures, Images, and other media are not included.

**Review Articles:** Reviews prepared by authors who have extensive knowledge on a particular field and whose scientific background has been translated into a high volume of publications with a high citation potential are welcomed. These authors may even be invited by the journal. Reviews should describe, discuss, and evaluate the current level of knowledge of a topic in clinical practice and should guide future studies. The main text should contain Introduction, Clinical and Research Consequences, and Conclusion sections. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Review Articles.

**Case Reports:** There is limited space for case reports in the journal and reports on rare cases or conditions that constitute challenges in diagnosis and treatment, those offering new therapies or revealing knowledge not included in the literature, and interesting and educative case reports are accepted for publication. The text should include Introduction, Case presentation, and Discussion subheadings. Please check Table 1 for the limitations for Case Reports.

**Letters to the Editor:** This type of manuscript discusses important parts, overlooked aspects, or lacking parts of a previously
Articles on subjects within the scope of the journal that might attract the readers’ attention, particularly educative cases, may also be submitted in the form of a “Letter to the Editor.” Readers can also present their comments on the published manuscripts in the form of a “Letter to the Editor.” Abstract, Keywords, and Tables, Figures, Images, and other media should not be included. The text should be unstructured. The manuscript that is being commented on must be properly cited within this manuscript.

### Table. Limitations for each manuscript type

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<th>Type of manuscript</th>
<th>Author limit*</th>
<th>Word limit</th>
<th>Abstract word limit</th>
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<td>Original Article</td>
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<td>10 or total of 20 images</td>
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* If the number authors exceeds the limits, correspondent author should contact Editorial Office with a completed ‘Authorship Contribution Letter’.

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Tables should be included in the main document, presented after the reference list, and they should be numbered consecutively in the order they are referred to within the main text. A descriptive title must be placed above the tables. Abbreviations used in the tables should be defined below the tables by footnotes (even if they are defined within the main text). Tables should be created using the “insert table” command of the word processing software and they should be arranged clearly to provide easy reading. Data presented in the tables should not be a repetition of the data presented within the main text but should be supporting the main text.

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Figures, graphics, and photographs should be submitted as separate files (in TIFF or JPEG format) through the submission system. The files should not be embedded in a Word document or the main document. When there are figure subunits, the subunits should not be merged to form a single image. Each subunit should be submitted separately through the submission system. Images should not be labeled (a, b, c, etc.) to indicate figure subunits. Thick and thin arrows, arrowheads, stars, asterisks, and similar marks can be used on the images to support figure legends. All information that may indicate an individual or institution should be omitted from the submitted images to ensure a blind evaluation process. The minimum resolution of each submitted figure should be 300 DPI. To prevent delays in the evaluation process, all submitted figures should be clear in resolution and large in size (minimum dimensions: 100 × 100 mm). Figure legends should be listed at the end of the main document.

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Limitations, drawbacks, and the shortcomings of original articles should be mentioned in the Discussion section before the conclusion paragraph.

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While citing publications, preference should be given to the latest, most up-to-date publications. If an ahead-of-print publication is cited, the DOI number should be provided. Authors are responsible for the accuracy of references. References should be cited in brackets within the main text. Journal titles should be abbreviated in accordance with the journal abbreviations in Index Medicus/MEDLINE/PubMed. When there are six or fewer authors, all authors should be listed. If there are seven or more authors, the first six authors should be listed followed by “et al.” In the main text of the manuscript, references should be cited...
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**Manuscripts Accepted for Publication, Not Published Yet**: Slots J. The microflora of black stain on human primary teeth. Scand J Dent Res. 1974.


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Accepted manuscripts are copy-edited for grammar, punctuation, and format. Once the publication process of a manuscript is completed, it is published online on the journal’s webpage as an ahead-of-print publication before it is included in its scheduled issue. A PDF proof of the accepted manuscript is sent to the corresponding author and their publication approval is requested within 2 days of their receipt of the proof.

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INVITED REVIEW

Reconstructive Urology

Controversies in the management of pelvic fracture urethral distraction defects
Pankaj Mangalkumar Joshi, Vikram Batra, Sanjay B. Kulkarni

ORIGINAL ARTICLES

Andrology

Scrotal ultrasonographic findings in obese infertile patients and their correlations to semen and hormonal profile
Emad A. Taha, Hisham A. Algahny Alghahan, Mohamed Zidan, Alaa Abdelhafez, Fawzy F. Farag

DNA fragmentation index and human papilloma virus in males with previous assisted reproductive technology failures
Semih Tangal, Yasemin Taşçi, Emre Göksan Pabuçcu, Gamze Sinem Çağlar, Ahmet Hakan Haliloğlu, Kanay Yararbaşı

Urooncology

Predictors of positive surgical margins in patients undergoing partial nephrectomy: A large single-center experience

Bimanual palpation for staging of bladder cancer-clinical use and its predictors
Lukasz Bialek, Slawomir Poletajew, Piotr Maciej Magusiak, Nikolaj Ostrach, Jakub Szpernalowski, Bartosz Dybowski, Piotr Radziszewski

Endourology

The safety and efficacy of transurethral microwave therapy in highrisk catheter-dependent men
Theodore R. Saitz, Michael J. Conlin, Christopher D. Tessier, Thomas R. Hatch

A realistic, durable, and low-cost training model for percutaneous renal access using ballistic gelatin

Female Urology

Practice patterns in the diagnosis and treatment of fecal incontinence with sacral neuromodulation: Can urologists impact this gap in care?
Dena Moskowitz, Sarah A. Adelstein, Alvaro Lucioni, Kathleen C. Kobashi, Una J. Lee

Pediatric Urology

Utility of Mitrofanoff as bladder draining tool: A single center experience in pediatric patients
Nadeem Iqbal, Omar Zia Syed, Amna Haider Bukhari, Abdul Ahad Ehsan Sheikh, Umair Syed Mahmud, Faheemullah Khan, Ijaz Hussain, Saeed Akhter
Urinary Tract Infections
Comparison of uropathogens and antibiotic susceptibility patterns in catheterized ambulant middle-aged and elderly Nigerian patients with bladder outlet obstruction
Patrick Temi Adegun, Michael Simidele Odimayo, Julius Gbenga Olaogun, Eyitayo Ebenezer Emmanuel

Prevalence and associated factors of urinary tract infections among diabetic patients in Arba Minch Hospital, Arba Minch province, South Ethiopia
Mohammedaman Mama, Aseer Manilal, Tigist Gezmu, Aschalew Kidanewold, Firew Gosa, Atsede Gebresilasie

Transplantation
Evaluation of early and late-term infections after renal transplantation: Clinical experiences of Sanko University Medical Faculty Transplantation Center
Hatem Kazımoğlu, Rezan Harman, Mehmet Necmettin Mercimek, Mehmet Dokur, Erdal Uysal

CASE REPORTS

Urooncology
Paraneoplastic hyperbilirubinemia in metastatic prostate cancer and review of the current literature
Pınar Gökçen, Kaan Gökçen, Erol Çakmak, Gökhan Gökçe

General Urology
Right varicocele secondary to left-sided inferior vena cava with a retro-aortic left renal vein and azygos continuation
Ali Hamidi Madani, Gholamreza Mokhtari, Ali Babaei Jandaghi, Mojtaba Teimoori

ERRATUM
Dear Colleagues,

The most important building blocks of scientific journals are manuscripts submitted within the scope of the journal. Evaluation of these manuscripts within the frame of scientific/universal rules of ethics and selection of the most valuable scientific manuscripts are under the responsibility of the Editorial Board. During the stage of manuscript evaluation, undoubtedly, the greatest support and academic help to the Editorial Board comes from peer reviewers. Most peer reviewers are also authors of many articles. In fact, as indicated by the renowned scientist Rudolf Ludwig Karl Virchow in his aphorism, “Omnis cellula e cellula: every cell stems from another cell,” published studies constitute the most fundamental source of new researches. We, as members of the Editorial Board, hope that the manuscripts published or to be published in the Turkish Journal of Urology will prove to be an important reference and source for researches to be planned in the future.

This first published 2019 issue contains original papers, case reports, and a review concerning andrology, uro-oncology, endo-urology, female urology, pediatric urology, transplantation, urinary system infections, reconstructive urology, and general urology. In this issue, our invited author is Dr. Sanjay Balwant Kulkarni, who wrote a review article entitled “Controversies in the management of pelvic fracture urethral distraction defects” for our journal. He is a worldwide famous authority on reconstructive urology and has described various surgical techniques, which are named after him. In this review article, Dr. Kulkarni shares with us the latest developments in the management of pelvic fracture-related urethral injuries and results he obtained from his experiences. We believe that data presented in this article will shed light for future studies.

Turkish Journal of Urology was published as a quarterly periodical from 1975 up to the end of 2017. Starting from 2018, 6 issues of the journal will be released in a year. The reason for this shift to a bimonthly publication is the intensive interest and support provided by merited scientists residing worldwide. Thus, manuscripts accepted as a result of this evaluation process will not wait for printing, and the efforts, self-commitment, and precious working hours spent by researchers shall not be wasted. Herein the most important objective is to share the data in the manuscripts accepted by our Editorial Board for publication without losing their up-to-dateness. As family of Turkish Journal of Urology, we would like to express our gratitude to scientists who submitted their manuscripts to our journal, all of our supporters, and peer reviewers who devotedly made great effort and spent their precious hours.

Respectively Yours,

Prof. Murat Bozlu
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